

# Contents

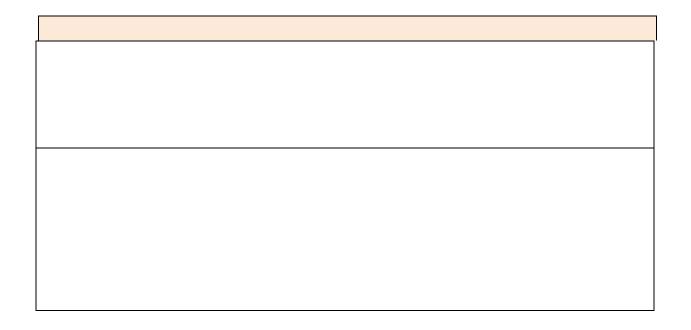
Grade 6: If, a Poem by Rudyard Kipling1
Background 1: Rudyard Kipling3
Background 2: Close Reading Guide for If5



Grade 6: f,



	x Follow the instructions for WorkPa <b>Fibns</b> B and C Closing and Assessment, and Homework from the Epceditionary Learning materials.
Glossary of key vocabulary: Ifpoem	This glossary provides definitions sample sentenforms key vocabulary drawn from f (Module 2A, Unit, 2_esson 8 page 9). The quartile from the () insost offrequent words is also provided, where applicable. Glossed words include those identified in the Exeditionary Learning materials and those identified by AIR staff as key to understanding the text.





i

as a symbol o metaphor.	f some actionhis is kno	wn as a	
	1	aV Bs	
Engl and	guide	India	1936
comparing	honorabl e	literal	successful
	(jid)		
1. Where and	when wasloseph Rudyard	Kiplinborn?	
Joseph Rud	lyard Kipling was born i	n _on December 30 <u>.</u>	_ĘN, EM]
Joseph Rud	lyard Kipling was born	<u>. [</u> [TR]	
2. Where did	Joseph Rudyard Kipling	move when he was	five years old?
Joseph Rud	lyard Kipling moved to <u>.</u>	_	
3. What does	the polentell?us		
The poem If	provides a guide for ho	w to live an _and	_l ife.
ĘN, EM]			
The poem If	<u>. [</u> [TR]		
4. What is fi	gurative language?		
Figurative	language uses words a	nd phrases that a	re not meant to be taken
_way. ĘN, Eľ	[N		
Figurative	l anguage <u>. i</u> {[R]		
5. What is a	metaphor?		
A metaphor	<sup>.</sup> is a phrase that de	escribes something b	y_it to something else.
ĘN, EM]			
A metaphor	is <u>[</u> [TR]		
<u>ĝ</u> Đ	What is themain m	nessage of poenth?	



## Blog 2:Clogical for f

### If by Rudyard Kipling

In preparation for reading by Rudyard Kipling, we are going to take a close look at the first stanza of the poem. The Spanish translation provided **beies** to maintain similar figurative languages the original English version.

(This text was adapted for this lesson from Extribution Extribution Extribution 10, page 38–10.)

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR STUDENTS

- x Look at the guiding question.
- x Read eaclphrase of the poellin and consider the translations as you read.
- x Use the glossary to help you understand new words.
- x Answer the supplementary questions.
- x Answer the guiding question.
- x Discuss your answers with the class.

Guiding Question: What is the message f the first stanza of the poer fi?

f Bynglig	₿ <b>%</b> Ib			Speed		
you,	nd blamiritgon you urself when all me ce for their doubtir d not be tired by w it, dondeal in lies, ongive way to hatir	; req rep rep de de rating, de raiting, de Si ng, es too O to c qu de	dedor todos l proches; puedes tene ti demás horr sus dudas: puedes espe pera, siendo blanc entira, si eres odiac e te creas, p masiado sat	servar tu cabeza, cuando a tu la pierden y te cubren de er fe en ti mismo, cuando dud nbres y ser igualm <b>etote</b> rante erar, y no sentirte cansado co co de falsedades, no caer en lo, no devolver el odio, Y sin or eso, ni demasiado bueno, bio;		
		Word Ba	ink			
better	involved	pa	rticipate	permit		

f Bysjip	Glossary
	lgn – to say that someone did something bad



lf gu na þe gur blinavla katoni		je P	) <b>b</b>	
gu Arebsigbes ned blaming	í on gw,	Sipuest om S	ena lu bope u	adu atu



```
3. Whateloles the poentes us?
   Theidis they sold_yurs fere bevotes outbot
                                                                                 ογu. ΕΝ,
   EM1
   Tabis _ [TR]
4. What des i ten to kendance for the old bing too?
   To kan have bes to _people to outbot on [N, EM]
   To kendarage perso
   . [TR]
Suggested interpretations (fom Exed interpretations (fom Exed interpretations) :
    x English If yu na trust yurs fe bevolte pepeloht trust yu, bil mels bed
       tatablig is tavpeple of so revisibilit bid fingst tan
    x Spanish Siples on Table tiles on neod otros no on Name til peo nebes
       me,andersperrendyno b≲ opas por eso.
f by Rudyard Kipling
                                                                 Glossary
If yu mata van do to be trel by fang
                                               dealin to ten involved pay tention to
0r biegelabol, oh t dealines,
                                                          Spanish Translation
                                               Sipuels espera, yno snetrte nas al on la
                                               es pea
                                               0 sieol b keot el fasels, no et ne ka
                                               mina
5. Wand des tapoes igns? Tables to ba_ad
         jejtrelofibagi (EN,
                             EM]
   ne
   Tabis <u>[</u>TR]
6. What oles oht blin les de??
   It person the ______thy/es
                                                        . EN, EM]
   lten s <u>.</u> [TR]
Suggested interpretations (fom Exitinary Lening Less on 3):
    x English
```



f by Rudyard Kipling	Glossary
Or bieg below t give way to beg And by oht bok too god nor thatoo wise;	give way palipte or rhen wise – siah indistation



Cipin Tilia	f Bygig
-------------	---------

English	Chanich Translation
English	Spanish Translation
If you can keep your head when all about yo	•
Are losing theirs and blaming it on you;	rededor todos la pierden y te cubren de
If you can trust yourself when all men doubt	reproches;
you, But make allowance for their doubting too:	Si puedes tener fe en ti mismo, cuando duden de ti
If you can wait and not be tired by waiting,	los demás hombres y ser igualmente tolerante
Or being lied about, dondeal in lies,	de sus dudas:
Or being hated, dongive way to hating,	Si puedes esperar, y no sentirte cansado con la
And yet don't look too good, nor talk too wise	
	O siendo blanco de falsedades, no caer en la
	mentira,
	O si eres odiado, no devolver el odio,
	Y sin que te creas, por eso, ni demasiado
	bueno, ni demasiado sabio;
If you can dream-and not make dreams your	
master;	Si puedes pensar, sin que los pensamientos
If you can think—and not make thoughts you	
aim,	Si puedes enfrentar con el triunfo y el desastre,
If you canmeet with Triumph and Disaster	y tratar de la misma manera a esos dos
And treat those two impostors just the same	
If you can bear to hear the truth you spoken Twisted by knaves to make a trap for fools,	Si puedes aguantar que a <b>brok</b> ad por ti presentada la veas retorcida por los pícaros,
Or watch the things you gave your life to,	para convertirla en lazo de los tontos,
broken,	O contemplar que las cosas a que diste tu vida
And stoop and build 'em up with worn-out	se han deshecho,
tools;	y agacharte y construirlas de nuevo, aunque sea
	con gastados instrumentos!
If you can make noe heap of all your winnings	
And risk it on one turn of pitchandtoss,	todos tus triunfos
And lose, and start again at your beginnings	y arriesgarlos, a cara o cruz, en una sola vuelta,
And never breathe a word about your loss	Y si perdieras, empezar otra vez como cuando
If you can force your heart and nerve and sir	eevin pezate
To serve your turn long after they are gone,	Y nunca más exhalar una palabra sobre la
And so hold on when there is nothing in you	
Except the Will which says to them: 'Hold on	l'Si puedes obligar a tu corazón, a tus bríos y a
	tus nervios,
	A que te obedezcan aun después de haber desfallecido,
	Y que así se mantengan, hasta que en ti no haya
	otra cosa
	que la voluntad gritando:¡continua, es la orden!
	$\frac{1}{1}$ que la voluma ymanuo. $\frac{1}{1}$ commuta, es la utu $\frac{1}{2}$



lf gu na tha favr.comstv nachte gur iztue	Sipuest bota on offets yons ena tu izntd
0rkawinvKniss, norbseta.com	0 izea con rsys y no peed tu tome;
toup	ome
lfnbe foes nor bivg fieest na Int gu,	Sinjel ninejeges, ninebes jeges,
If baten cont favryu, bit none too tan	pnet nes vate ele
lfguna fibinőrigg inte	Sitools bs botto res poel onta ont og,
Wins ky sends ow tho fistate run,	peo ningo esta iel;
	Siees pazielbea e poeonkao e into,
	on blar elsosotasoegols elecreaa
	ist table
Yours is the Earth ned netting that s in 1,	ToyseÆaterayooto bionteg
And boxis corre you Ibea Maa, yon	Ybiq-bases session boto re po
S on!	ot



# Gjig

**f** <sup>2</sup>

Vocabulary word	Quartile	Definition	Sample sentence from the text
aim propósito	Q3	intention; goal	If you can think – and not make thoughts your in ;
bear* soportar	Q1	accept	If you can <b>b</b> to hear the truth yo <b>u</b> e spoken
blaming culpando	N/A	saying someone is the cause of something bad	If you can keep your head when all about you Are losing theirs an <b>g</b> h it on you,
breathe a word decir una palabra	Q2 (breathe) Q1	de.413 1.152 T7	(m )]TJ /TT4 6.71]TJ /TT0 (r)-3.9 bu mg(t(a0



∨ocabul ary word	Quartile	Definition	Sample sentence from the te <b>x</b>	
make allowance* permitir	N/A	permit; allow	N 0.0-4000-A ia If you can trust yourself when all men doubt you, But make allowancefor their doubting too;	
master* dominen	Q1	power and control	If you can dream—and not make dreams your master,	
pitch-andtoss* cara o cruz	Q3 (pitch) Q4 (toss)	a game of skill and chance	And risk it on one turn opitch-and-toss	-7 (t)-65 <b>(49</b>
serve your turn* servir	Q2 (serve) Q1 (turn)	be useful; helpful	To serve your turn long after they are gone,	
sinew* tendones	N/A	strong tissue that connects muscles		



# G66: THE

https://www.engagenyorg/sites/default/files/resource/attachments/6m1.1.pdf

Overview			
Background: Greek Mythology	American Institutes for Research (AIR) developed this activity to provide background information about Greek mythology. The book The Lightning Thiefa story about boy who goes on a fantasy adventure with mythological characters. English language leasn (ErLLs) will need to have some background on Greek mythology and the characteristics of supernatural beinlogs ages, glossed words and questions were added throughout to support ELL students' understanding of the text.		
	<ul> <li>INSTRUCTIONS FOR TEACHERS</li> <li>x Turn to Expeditionary Learning rade 6 Module 1: Unit 1: Lesson1.</li> <li>x Follow the instructions for the Opening Part A</li> <li>x Complete the background activity called "Greek Mythology," which AIR has provided below.</li> <li>x Follow the instructions for Opening Part B, Work Time, Closing and Assessment, and Homework fro the Expeditionary Learning materials.</li> </ul>		
Glossaryof key vocabulary: The Lightning Thief	This glossary provides a definition and sample sentence f key vocabulary drawn from the Lightning Thie (pages 4 28). The quartile from the list of 4,000 most frequent word also provided, where applicable. The glossed words inclue those identified in the Expeditionary Learning materials ar those identified by AIR staff as key to understanding the te		



## Bog God by

#### Greek Mythology

The book The Lightning Thies a story about boy whoogs on a fantasy adventure with mythological characters. The story includes many characters from Greek mythology. preparation for reading the Lightning Thiefwe are going to learn bout Greek mythology.

(This text was written by R for this lesson.)

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR STUDENTS

- x Look at the guiding question.
- x Read the text about Greek Mythology.
- x Use the glossary to help you understand new words.
- x Answer the supplementary questions.
- x Answer the guiding question.
- x Discuss your answers with the class.

Guiding Question: W	hat is Greek mytholog	Jλ.
Gin is a about the magical wo demigods, heroes, ar stories are callein persons, events or th	collection of stories orld <b>olle</b> gods, nd other creatures. Th . They areabout ings that are not real. ed the storiets und them. The the	Glossary
	Word	Bank
explain	magical	stories



	Supplementary Questions		
1.	What is Greek mythology?		
	Greek mythology is a collection of stories about the [EN, EM]	wo <b>Gdeek</b> gods.	
	Greek mythology is		[TR]
2.	What are myths?		
	Myths are about perservens, or things	that are noreal. [EN, EM]	
	Myths are	[TR]	
3.	Why did ancient Greeks create myths?		
	Ancient Greeks created myths to	the world around them. [EN	I, EM
	Ancient Greeks	[TR]	
Resp	onse to Guiding Question.What is Greek mythology?		

Guiding Question: What happened in Greek myths?				
The magical world of thencient Greek	GLossary			
gods was a world full of fights and wars, punishment and love. Manymyths were based on the fact that gods, like regular m	punishment – consequence for doing something bad; penalty en,			
could be punished orewarded for their	rewarded – given something good			
actions.	ancient-very old; from a long time ago			
	Greek – from Greece			
	myths – stories that are not real			
Cronus Artemis				



	Word Bank	
king	lightning personality power	
	Supplementary Questions	
1.	What must remain the same when telling a story about ancient Greek gods?	
	The and of gods must be the same from sto	ry to
	story. [EN, EM]	
	When telling a story about Greek gods	[TR
2.	Who was Zeus?	
	Zeus was the of all the gods. [EN, EM]	
	Zeus was [TR]	
3.	What was the thing that only Zeus could do?	
	Zeus was the only god that could throwbolts. [EN, EM]	
	Zeus [TR]	
Resp	onse to Guiding Question:How are Greek myths told today?	

r		



Vocabul ary word	Quartile	Definition	Sample sentence from the text
crippled lisiado	N/A	not able to use arms or legs	On top of all that, he wasrippled. (pg. 3)
cut cortó			



Vocabul ary word	Quartile	Definition	Sample sentence from the tex
harsher más duro	N/A	crueler; not kind	It came outharsher than I meant it to. (pg. 24)
headmaster director	N/A	principal; director	The headmasterhad threatened me with death by in-school suspension if anything bad, embarrassing, or even mildly entertaining happened on this trip. (pg. 3)
homesick nostálgico	N/A	sad because you are awa from your family and home	yl washomesick (pg. 17)
irritable* irritable	N/A	easily bothered or angere	dl started feeling cranky and itable most of the time. (pg. 17)
juvenile delinquents* delincuentes juveniles	N/A	young people who have committed a crime	They were juvenile delinquentslike me, but the wererich juvenile delinquents (pg. 22)
kleptomaniac cleptómana	N/A	a person who has a menta illness in which they have a strong desire to steal things	aAll the way into the city, I put up with Nancy Bobofit, the freckly, redheaded kleptomaniac girl, hitting my best friend Grover in the back of the head with chunks of peanut-butter-and- ketchup sandwich. (pg. 3)
knitting tejiendo	N/A	making clothes by hand using yarn	There were no customers, just three old ladies sitting in rocking chairs in the shade of a maple tree, itting the biggestpair of socks I'd ever seen. (pg. 25)
loser freaks anormales perdedores	N/A	unwanted and strange people	We thought that maybe if evdid that, everybody wouldn't know we were from that school—the school fotoser freaks who couldn't make it elsewhere. (pg. 8)
menta <del>l</del> case enfermos mentales	N/A	people who are considere mentally ill	d could start at any point in my short miserable life to prove it, but things really started going bad last May, when our sixthgrade class took a field trip to Manhattan-twenty-eight mental-casekids and two teachers on a yellow school bus, heading to the Metropolitan Museum of Art to look at ancient Greek and Roman stuff. (pg. 2)



Vocabul ary ord	Quarti le	Definition	Sampl e	
mournfully tristemente	N/A	very sad	He looked at menournfully, like he was already picking the kind of flowers I'd like best on my coffin. (pg. 28)	
nervous nervioso	Q2	worried or afraid	hteorold//Ared to me that hevt muem	

m56

ner It



Vocabul ary ord	Quarti We	Definition	Sampl e	Sentence